

# Exercise

Please hand in this paper to the instructor before the end of the lecture.

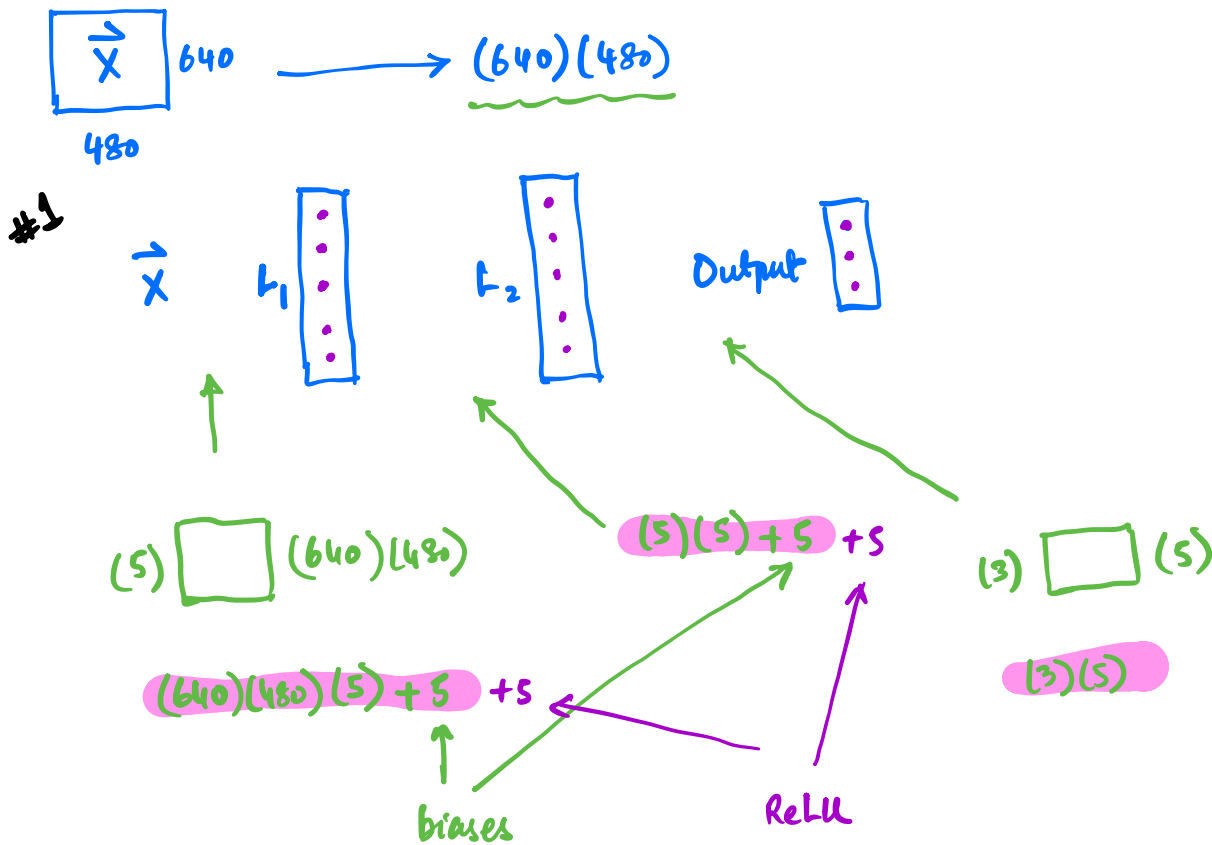
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student number: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Q. Write down the number of parameters for an MLP network that takes in an image of size  $640 \times 480$  and classifies it into one of three classes. The MLP comprises 2 hidden layers. The size of each hidden layer is 5.

Q. Say, we are solving a *regression* problem. The model makes the following predictions:  $\hat{y}_i$  where  $i \in [1, N]$ . The corresponding ground truth labels are  $y_i$  where  $i \in [1, N]$ . Compute the MSE loss.

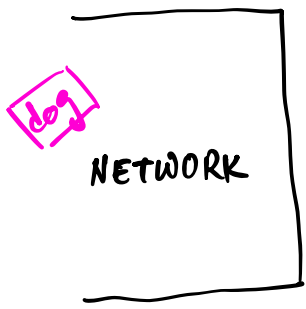
Q. Now let's change the previous problem to a *classification* problem: how should we compute the loss for this example?



#2 
$$MSE = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

#3 loss used is cross-entropy

$$H(p, q) = - \sum p(x_i) \log q(x_i)$$



10  
3  
2

softmax.

- Cat  $P(x)$  0.85  $\hat{y}$
- Dog 0.08
- Elephant 0.07

output

- $q(x)$  0.0  $y$
- 1.0
- 0.0

one-hot encoding.

~~$$H(p, q) = -\sum p(x) \log q(x)$$

$$= -\sum \hat{y} \log y$$~~

$$H(p, q) = -\sum y \log \hat{y}$$

	$I_1$ dog	$I_2$ cat	$I_3$ dog	...
cat	0	1	0	
dog	1	0	1	
elephant	0	0	0	